



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                             |                                                                                                                                           |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----|-----------|----------------------------|----|------------|------------------------|----|------------|---------------------------|----|----------------|-----------------------------|----|-------------|----------------------------|----|-------------|----------------------------|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>(51) International Patent Classification 7 :</b><br><b>A61K 9/70, 9/12</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>A2</b>                   | <b>(11) International Publication Number:</b> <b>WO 00/45795</b><br><b>(43) International Publication Date:</b> 10 August 2000 (10.08.00) |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>(21) International Application Number:</b> PCT/GB00/00366<br><b>(22) International Filing Date:</b> 7 February 2000 (07.02.00)<br><b>(30) Priority Data:</b> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>92/BOM/99</td> <td>5 February 1999 (05.02.99)</td> <td>IN</td> </tr> <tr> <td>93/BOM/99</td> <td>5 February 1999 (05.02.99)</td> <td>IN</td> </tr> <tr> <td>382/BOM/99</td> <td>20 May 1999 (20.05.99)</td> <td>IN</td> </tr> <tr> <td>582/BOM/99</td> <td>17 August 1999 (17.08.99)</td> <td>IN</td> </tr> <tr> <td>PCT/GB99/02998</td> <td>9 September 1999 (09.09.99)</td> <td>GB</td> </tr> <tr> <td>43/BOM/2000</td> <td>13 January 2000 (13.01.00)</td> <td>IN</td> </tr> <tr> <td>44/BOM/2000</td> <td>13 January 2000 (13.01.00)</td> <td>IN</td> </tr> </table> <b>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US):</b> CIPLA LIMITED [IN/IN]; 289 Bellasis Road, Mumbai Central, Mumbai 400 008 (IN).<br><b>(71) Applicant (for MW only):</b> WAIN, Christopher, Paul [GB/GB]; A.A. Thornton & Co., 235 High Holborn, London WC1V 7LE (GB).<br><b>(72) Inventors; and</b><br><b>(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only):</b> LULLA, Amar [IN/IN]; 103 Maker Towers 'L', 10th floor, Cuffe Parade, Colaba, Mumbai 400 005 (IN). MALHOTRA, Geena [IN/IN]; 4 Anderson House, 1st floor, Opp. Mazgaon Dock P.O., |                             | 92/BOM/99                                                                                                                                 | 5 February 1999 (05.02.99) | IN | 93/BOM/99 | 5 February 1999 (05.02.99) | IN | 382/BOM/99 | 20 May 1999 (20.05.99) | IN | 582/BOM/99 | 17 August 1999 (17.08.99) | IN | PCT/GB99/02998 | 9 September 1999 (09.09.99) | GB | 43/BOM/2000 | 13 January 2000 (13.01.00) | IN | 44/BOM/2000 | 13 January 2000 (13.01.00) | IN | Mazgaon, Mumbai 400 010 (IN). RAUT, Preeti [IN/IN]; B-7 Anant Apartments, Tejpal Scheme Road 5, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai 400 057 (IN).<br><b>(74) Agents:</b> WAIN, Christopher, Paul et al.; A.A. Thornton & Co., 235 High Holborn, London WC1V 7LE (GB).<br><b>(81) Designated States:</b> AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).<br><b>Published</b><br><i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i> |
| 92/BOM/99                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 5 February 1999 (05.02.99)  | IN                                                                                                                                        |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 93/BOM/99                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 5 February 1999 (05.02.99)  | IN                                                                                                                                        |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 382/BOM/99                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 20 May 1999 (20.05.99)      | IN                                                                                                                                        |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 582/BOM/99                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 17 August 1999 (17.08.99)   | IN                                                                                                                                        |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| PCT/GB99/02998                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 9 September 1999 (09.09.99) | GB                                                                                                                                        |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 43/BOM/2000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 13 January 2000 (13.01.00)  | IN                                                                                                                                        |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 44/BOM/2000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 13 January 2000 (13.01.00)  | IN                                                                                                                                        |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>(54) Title:</b> TOPICAL SPRAYS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                             |                                                                                                                                           |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>(57) Abstract</b><br><p>A topical, medicinal spray composition comprises one or more medicaments in a volatile vehicle, and one or more film-forming polymers. When sprayed on a topical site, the composition forms a stable, breathable film from which the medicaments are transdermally available. Preferably the composition comprises from about 0.1 % to 30% of one or more medicaments, from about 0.1 % to 15 % film-forming polymer, from about 0.1 % to 10 % solubilizer, from about 0.1 % to 8 % permeation enhancer, from about 1.0 % to 10 % plasticiser, and a vehicle q.s. 100 %. The invention includes a spray dispenser containing the topical composition.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                             |                                                                                                                                           |                            |    |           |                            |    |            |                        |    |            |                           |    |                |                             |    |             |                            |    |             |                            |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

**FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY**

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

|    |                          |    |                                          |    |                                              |    |                          |
|----|--------------------------|----|------------------------------------------|----|----------------------------------------------|----|--------------------------|
| AL | Albania                  | ES | Spain                                    | LS | Lesotho                                      | SI | Slovenia                 |
| AM | Armenia                  | FI | Finland                                  | LT | Lithuania                                    | SK | Slovakia                 |
| AT | Austria                  | FR | France                                   | LU | Luxembourg                                   | SN | Senegal                  |
| AU | Australia                | GA | Gabon                                    | LV | Latvia                                       | SZ | Swaziland                |
| AZ | Azerbaijan               | GB | United Kingdom                           | MC | Monaco                                       | TD | Chad                     |
| BA | Bosnia and Herzegovina   | GE | Georgia                                  | MD | Republic of Moldova                          | TG | Togo                     |
| BB | Barbados                 | GH | Ghana                                    | MG | Madagascar                                   | TJ | Tajikistan               |
| BE | Belgium                  | GN | Guinea                                   | MK | The former Yugoslav<br>Republic of Macedonia | TM | Turkmenistan             |
| BF | Burkina Faso             | GR | Greece                                   |    |                                              | TR | Turkey                   |
| BG | Bulgaria                 | HU | Hungary                                  | ML | Mali                                         | TT | Trinidad and Tobago      |
| BJ | Benin                    | IE | Ireland                                  | MN | Mongolia                                     | UA | Ukraine                  |
| BR | Brazil                   | IL | Israel                                   | MR | Mauritania                                   | UG | Uganda                   |
| BY | Belarus                  | IS | Iceland                                  | MW | Malawi                                       | US | United States of America |
| CA | Canada                   | IT | Italy                                    | MX | Mexico                                       | UZ | Uzbekistan               |
| CF | Central African Republic | JP | Japan                                    | NE | Niger                                        | VN | Viet Nam                 |
| CG | Congo                    | KE | Kenya                                    | NL | Netherlands                                  | YU | Yugoslavia               |
| CH | Switzerland              | KG | Kyrgyzstan                               | NO | Norway                                       | ZW | Zimbabwe                 |
| CI | Côte d'Ivoire            | KP | Democratic People's<br>Republic of Korea | NZ | New Zealand                                  |    |                          |
| CM | Cameroon                 |    |                                          | PL | Poland                                       |    |                          |
| CN | China                    | KR | Republic of Korea                        | PT | Portugal                                     |    |                          |
| CU | Cuba                     | KZ | Kazakstan                                | RO | Romania                                      |    |                          |
| CZ | Czech Republic           | LC | Saint Lucia                              | RU | Russian Federation                           |    |                          |
| DE | Germany                  | LI | Liechtenstein                            | SD | Sudan                                        |    |                          |
| DK | Denmark                  | LK | Sri Lanka                                | SE | Sweden                                       |    |                          |
| EE | Estonia                  | LR | Liberia                                  | SG | Singapore                                    |    |                          |

### TOPICAL SPRAYS

This invention relates to topical medicinal spray compositions and to their preparation, which compositions can be used to treat a variety of disorders.

Many delivery systems for the topical application of pharmaceutical compounds are currently available and include lotions, creams, gels, ointments, transdermal patches and sprays. The choice of delivery system usually depends upon the desired pharmacokinetic profile of the drug, for example whether immediate - or sustained - release is required. Many of these systems suffer from occlusion problems and may cause skin irritation. For example, many compounds, including hormonal drugs, are conventionally delivered using a transdermal patch. These patches comprise an occlusive backing membrane which often results in local skin irritation. A further disadvantage of transdermal patches is that percutaneous penetration of the drug is often poor.

Topical spray formulations can help reduce the problem of skin irritation associated with transdermal patches. For example, British patent specification no. 1,372,721 discloses a container of antiseptic for the topical treatment of burns and scalds, containing a topically acceptable antiseptic

active agent against *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, a pressuring agent and at least one surfactant admixed with water. The container comprises an outlet, and valve means operable to allow discharge of the contents of the container through the outlet in the form of a foam which is effective in the control of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* at the site of a burn or scald. US patent specification no. 4,534,958 describes and claims "a sprayable aerosol foam treatment composition which is a liquid in the aerosol container and forms a gel upon application to the skin", which composition comprises water, propellant, volatile solvent, and a polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene copolymer whose function is not described and optionally including a burn treatment agent and one or more adjuvants. The composition is used "for treating living skin".

However, a problem with conventional topical spray formulations is that they tend to remain for only a short time at the application site - for example they are easily rubbed off. In consequence the medicament to be absorbed through the skin is only available transiently. By contrast, medicament in a transdermal patch is potentially available for as long as the patch remains in place.

We have now found a way of combining the advantages offered by transdermal patches and topical sprays, whilst reducing or minimising the disadvantages associated with each. We have devised a topical spray composition which can be sprayed on to the skin to form a breathable film or patch, which film remains stable and in place over a period of days. In this way medicament can, for example, be delivered transdermally over a period of time. Since the film is non-occlusive the problem of local skin irritation associated with transdermal patches is thereby substantially reduced.

In its broadest aspect, the invention provides a topical, medicinal spray composition comprising one or more medicaments in a volatile vehicle, and one or more film-forming polymers in said vehicle, wherein the composition can be sprayed on a topical site to form a stable, breathable film

on said site, from which film the medicaments are transdermally available.

EP-A-0679390 describes sprayable compositions for treating the skin or a mucous membrane, the compositions having an active ingredient and a gel-forming cellulosic polymer. The active ingredients described are antiviral agents, antiseptics and local anaesthetics, and their use for treating cold sores is particularly exemplified. These actives are principally surface acting whereas, in the compositions of the present invention, the active is preferably for transdermal passage to act generally systemically.

EP-A-761095 describes antimicrobial film-forming compositions containing iodine. In general, the compositions of the present invention will be iodine-free, and will not usually contain any surface acting antimicrobial such as iodine. Furthermore, the compositions of EP-A-761095 contain at least 65% ethanol whereas, in general, the compositions of the present invention will contain at most about 60% ethanol and usually much less.

Preferably, the compositions of the invention also contain a permeation enhancer, and such a composition preferably contains up to 30% by weight of said medicament(s), up to 8% by weight of said permeation enhancer and up to 90% by weight of said vehicle. The amount of film-forming polymer is preferably up to about 15% by weight.

Preferred compositions of the invention comprise from about 0.1% to 25% of one or more medicaments, from about 0.1% to 10% film-forming polymer and said vehicle q.s. 100%, and further comprising from about 0.1% to 10% solubilizer, from about 0.1% to 8% permeation enhancer from about 1% to 10% plasticiser.

In the films provided by the present spray composition, the or each medicament is deposited in the matrix of the film-forming polymer(s) and may be in solution or in the form of a suspension. Depending upon the polymers chosen, the medicament may be released from the film over a period of time (i.e. sustained release) or immediately. The medicament so delivered

by the film can be used to treat topical medical complaints and complaints which are local to the site of the film, but is preferably for systemic medical conditions which require transdermal delivery of the medicament into the bloodstream. The present topical spray composition can be used in the treatment of both humans and animals.

Preferably, the composition further comprises from 1% to 7% (w/w) of one or more water-soluble additives. The composition can be dispensed from any dispenser which provides the composition as a spray.

Accordingly, the present invention also provides a dispenser containing the spray composition of the invention, which dispenser dispenses the composition as a spray.

Preferably, the composition is dispensed from a pump dispenser or from an aerosol dispenser. In the latter case, the composition additionally comprises from about 10% to 90% of propellant in order to provide a suitable pressure within the aerosol dispenser. Generally, propellant is not required for compositions dispensed from a pump dispenser. However, if desired, such compositions may also comprise from about 10% to 90% of a propellant which is liquid at room temperature, for example trichloromonofluoromethane (P11).

In another aspect, the invention provides a method of preparing a pump dispenser containing the spray composition of the invention, which method comprises mixing the ingredients of the composition with or without liquid propellant, and then placing the mixed ingredients in a pump dispenser.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a method of preparing an aerosol dispenser containing the spray composition of the invention, which method comprises mixing the ingredients of the composition without propellant, and then charging the mixture together with propellant into an aerosol dispenser.

The composition is preferably dispensed from the chosen dispenser in a metered dose.

The medicament can be any medicinal compound, preferably in salt or base form, which is stable on mixing with the other ingredients of the composition and effective on topical administration; or a combination of any two or more such compounds. Preferably the medicament is a drug which is anti-emetic, anti-anginal, anti-inflammatory, a steroid, a steroid hormone, a bronchodilator or a drug used to treat osteoporosis. Additional preferred medicaments include drugs used to treat incontinence, antidepressants/anxiolytics, antimigraine agents, agents used in smoking cessation therapy, antidiarrhoeas, antiulcerants, anticholinergics, anticonvulsants, drugs for mood disorders/obsessive compulsive disorder, ACE inhibitors, calcium channel blockers, antihypertensives/diuretics, antiobesity drugs, hormonal peptides and analogues, drugs for benign prostatic hyperplasia/urinary retention and erectile dysfunctions, antiparkinson agents such as dopamine agonists and MAO inhibitors, drugs for sleep disorders and antidiabetic agents.

One preferred anti-emetic is scopolamine. Preferred anti-anginals include nitroglycerine, clonidine, isosorbide dinitrate, propranolol hydrochloride, timolol maleate, clonazepam or verapamil. Preferred anti-inflammatory drugs include diclofenac sodium, alendronate sodium, ibuprofen, ketoprofen, indomethacin piroxicam, ketorolac, tromethamine or nimesulide. Preferred steroids include hydrocortisone and esters thereof, dexamethasone, fluocinolone acetonide or betamethasone and salts thereof. Preferred hormonal steroids include estradiol or noethisterone or a combination thereof, testosterone or progesterone. Preferred bronchodilators include salbutamol base and its salts and bambuterol, salmeterol xinafoate, fluticasone propionate, mometasone furoate, budesonide, beclomethasone dipropionate, sodium cromoglycate, or isoprenaline sulphate. Preferred drugs for treating osteoporosis include alendronic acid, pamidromic acid, etidromic acid and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Preferred drugs used to treat incontinence include vasopressin and oxybutynin. Preferred antidepressants/anxiolytics

include imipramine, Mirtazapine and desipramine. Preferred antimigraine agents include naratriptan, zolmitriptan and sumatriptan. One preferred antidiarrhoeal is loperamide. One preferred antiulcerant is misoprostol. Preferred anticholinergics include hyoscyamine, atropine and trihexyphenidyl. Preferred anticonvulsants include lorazepam, diazepam and tiagabine. Preferred drugs for antimood disorders/obsessive compulsive disorder include fluoxetine and paroxetine. Preferred ACE inhibitors include lisinopril,trandolapril and captopril. Preferred calcium channel blockers include amlodipine and felodipine. Preferred antihypertensives/diuretics include prazosin and amiloride. Preferred antiobesity drugs include methamphetamine and sibutramine hydrochloride. Preferred hormonal peptides and analogues include GnRH analogues such as nafarelin; leuprolide acetate, insulin and growth hormone and analogues thereof. Preferred drugs for benign prostatic hyperplasia/uninary retention include doxazosin, tamsulosin, terazosin and finasteride. Preferred drugs for erectile dysfunction include alprostadil and sildenafil citrate. Preferred antiparkinson agents include dopamine agonists such as bromocriptine and cabergoline and MAO inhibitors such as selegiline HCl. One preferred agent for sleep disorders is melatonin. Preferred antidiabetic agents include 1st and 2nd generation sulphonyl ureas such as glimepiride, rosiglitazone, glyburide and glipizide. Also, the chiral forms of all the drugs mentioned above can be used in the topical spray composition of the present invention.

The film-formers preferably include any acrylic polymers or copolymers. Preferred film-formers include a non-ionic copolymer of methyl methacrylate and butyl methacrylate (Plastoid B®), a copolymer of dimethylamine ethyl methacrylate and a neutral methacrylic acid ester (Eudragit E100®), ammonio methacrylate copolymer type B (Eudragit RS®, USP/NF), ammonio methacrylate copolymer type A (Eudragit RL®, USP/NF), methacrylic acid copolymer type A (Eudragit L100®, USP/NF), methacrylic



acid copolymer type B (Eudragit S100®, USP/NF), polyvinyl acetate, cellulose acetate, polyvinyl alcohol, povidone, povidone vinyl acetate, hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose, hydroxy ethyl cellulose and methyl cellulose.

The breathability of the film is achieved by the absence of any occlusive backing membrane together with the generally hydrophilic properties of the film-forming polymer(s). These polymers can partially dissolve on exposure to moisture (from the skin or air), which dissolution results in the development of a porous film. This porosity can be enhanced by including further water-soluble additives, such as those detailed below.

Preferred solubilizers include a copolymer of dimethylamine ethyl methacrylate and a neutral methacrylic acid ester (Eudragit E100®, USP/NF); surfactants, for example, sodium lauryl sulphate; polyhydric alcohols, for example, propylene glycol or polyethylene glycols; vitamin E, vitamin E TPGS (tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate) and labrasol; or any two or more of the above in combination. Preferably, the solubilizer is a copolymer of dimethylamine ethyl methacrylate and a neutral methacrylic acid ester (Eudragit E100®) in combination with, a non-ionic copolymer of methyl methacrylate and butyl methacrylate (Plastoid B®). The solubilizers serve to dissolve or suspend the drug in the chosen vehicle. Thus, in a topical film formed by spraying the present composition, the medicament may be present in a partially or completely dissolved form or in the form of a suspension. Many of the solubilizers also enhance percutaneous penetration of drug and/or act as humectants.

Preferred plasticisers include triethyl citrate, dimethyl isosorbide, acetyltributyl citrate, castor oil, propylene glycol, and polyethylene glycol, or any two or more of the above in combination.

The permeation enhancer is preferably a lyophilic solvent, for example, dimethyl sulfoxide, dimethyl formamide or isopropyl myristate; a surfactant, for example, Tween 80, sodium lauryl sulfate or menthol; ; a two-

component system, for example, oleic acid and octyl dimethyl paraamino benzoic acid (Padimate O); or a polyhydric alcohol, for example, propylene glycol or diethylene glycol monoethyl ether EP (transcutol); or any two or more of the above in combination.

The vehicle can be water or a non-aqueous solvent. Preferred non-aqueous vehicles include acetone, isopropyl alcohol, methylene chloride, methyl-ethyl-ketone, absolute alcohol, ethyl acetate and trichloromonofluoromethane (P11); or any two or more of the above in combination.

The aqueous or non-aqueous vehicle may additionally comprise (weight/weight of vehicle) from about 1% to 20% of one or more humectants. Preferred humectants include polyhydric alcohols and polyvinylpyrrolidone. Preferred polyhydric alcohols are propylene glycol, butylene glycol, polyethylene glycols, glycerol and sorbitol.

The water-soluble additive is preferably propylene glycol, sodium lauryl sulphate, one or more polaxomers, polyoxyl 35 castor oil, polyoxyl 40 hydrogenated castor oil, cetomacrogol, polyethylene glycol or transcutol; or any two or more of the above in combination.

When the composition is dispensed as an aerosol, the vehicle partly comprises a propellant in an amount to provide from about 10% to 90% (w/w) of the composition.

The propellant can be any pharmaceutically acceptable propellant which provides a pressure of from about 20 p.s.i.g. to about 130 p.s.i.g. within an aerosol dispenser. Preferred propellants include hydrocarbons, for example, propane, butane, isobutane, or dimethylether; hydrofluorocarbons and hydrochlorofluorocarbons, for example dichlorodifluoromethane (P12), trichloromonofluoromethane (P11), dichlorofluoroethane, monochlorodifluoromethane (P22), dichlorotetrafluoroethane (P114), difluoroethane (P152 A), tetrafluoroethane (P134), heptafluoropropane

(P227B); or compressed gases, for example, nitrogen or carbon dioxide.

The topical compositions of the present invention are quick drying, non-occlusive formulations which cause marked enhancement of the skin permeation of the drug both in vitro and in vivo when compared with transdermal patches. They offer the advantages of lower skin irritation, greater ease of use, increased dosage flexibility and a simpler method of manufacture when compared to existing transdermal patches.

The present compositions are a significant advance over conventional medicinal aerosol compositions, since they permit the application of a medicament by a method whereby no physical contact on the area of application is required, except by the film-forming spray itself. The topical films formed by the present compositions show excellent stability and peelability and can be easily removed from the site of application by washing with water.

The compositions are generally prepared by mixing the ingredients without liquefied propellant at a temperature of from 0°C to 100°C and at ambient pressure and then charging the resulting mixture together with the liquefied propellant into an aerosol dispenser to achieve the final composition. Mixing is preferably carried out at a temperature of from 10°C to 25°C. Alternatively, the mixed composition is placed in a pump dispenser, for example, a metered dose pump, which dispenses the composition typically without liquefied propellant since a pressurised atmosphere is not required. Propellant which is liquid at room temperature may, however, be included in a pump dispenser composition as part of the non-aqueous vehicle. The composition so prepared is sprayed from the dispenser on to a topical site, at which site it forms a stable, plastic film or patch.

The aerosol dispenser is preferably a conventional aerosol can having a conventional metered spray aerosol valve. The pump dispenser is preferably a conventional can or bottle having a conventional metered spray

pump. Preferably, the aerosol dispenser has an all position valve having a shroud that permits spraying when the dispenser is held at any angle. In this way, horizontal bottom surfaces as well as horizontal top surfaces and vertical surfaces can be sprayed. The valve actuator can be any actuator which produces a spray and not a foam at the nozzle. A preferred valve actuator is a mechanical breakup actuator, which employs mechanical forces rather than expansion and evaporation of the propellant to produce a spray. A typical mechanical breakup actuator has a conical or cylindrical swirl chamber with an inlet channel oriented perpendicular to the axis thereof. This structure imparts a swirling motion to the aerosol mixture upon discharge. The swirling motion occurs around the axis of the swirl chamber forming a thin conical film of discharged mixture, which breaks into droplets as it leaves the swirl chamber and travels in the direction of the axis thereof. The result is a fine, soft, dispersed spray which can be easily controlled to produce a stable thin film of even thickness completely contacting the application site. In dispensing a composition of the invention the dispenser is typically held about 1 to 2 inches (2.5 to 5cm) from the application site and produces a film of even thickness. The dispensers used in the present invention are preferably compact units. They can be conveniently used for quick and easy application of a medicament over a large surface area. Typically, the area is not more than 50cm<sup>2</sup>; and is more preferably from 10cm<sup>2</sup> to 25cm<sup>2</sup>.

The following Examples illustrate the preparation of compositions according to the present invention, in order that the invention may be more fully understood.

In general, a composition according to the present invention suitable for use in an aerosol dispenser can be prepared as follows:

1. Dissolve the film former in the chosen vehicle under stirring to form a clear solution.
2. Dissolve or suspend the active ingredient and solubilizer(s) along with

the permeation enhancer, together with any water-soluble additives required, in the solution formed in step 1.

3. Add the plasticiser to the solution and fill a conventional aerosol can with the mixture.
4. Charge the filled can with liquefied propellant.

Examples of partly generalised formulas which can be used with any suitable medicament to prepare compositions according to the present invention for use in an aerosol dispenser include:

#### Example 1

| <u>Ingredients</u>    | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Active ingredient     | 0.5 - 10.0         |
| Plastoid B            | 2.25               |
| Eudragit E 100        | 0.25               |
| Propylene glycol      | 3.0                |
| Sodium lauryl sulfate | 3.5                |
| Acetone               | 20                 |
| Propellant            | q.s.               |
| Vitamin E             | 0.1                |
| Transcutol            | 1.0                |

#### Example 2

| <u>Ingredients</u> | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Active ingredient  | 30                 |
| PVP K-30           | 3                  |
| Povidone VA-64     | 2                  |

|                  |      |
|------------------|------|
| Vitamin E        | 0.5  |
| PEG 400          | 1.0  |
| Propylene glycol | 1.5  |
| Ethanol          | 15   |
| Propellant       | q.s. |

More specific examples of compositions for use in an aerosol dispenser include:

Example 3

| <u>Ingredients</u>      | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Active ingredient       | 15                 |
| Povidone                | 3                  |
| Povidone VA-64          | 2                  |
| Vitamin E               | 0.5                |
| Polyethylene glycol 400 | 1.0                |
| Propylene glycol        | 1.5                |
| Ethanol                 | 15                 |
| Acetone                 | 15                 |
| Propellant              | q.s.               |

Example 4

| <u>Ingredients</u> | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Estradiol          | 1                  |
| PVP K-30           | 6                  |
| PVP VA             | 4                  |
| Vitamin E          | 1                  |

|                                  |      |
|----------------------------------|------|
| Polyethylene glycol 6000         | 2    |
| Polyethylene glycol              | 3    |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane (P12)    | 58.1 |
| Trichloromonofluoromethane (P11) | 24.9 |

Example 5

| <u>Ingredients</u>               | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Estradiol                        | 2                  |
| PVP K-30                         | 6                  |
| PVP VA                           | 4                  |
| Vitamin E                        | 1                  |
| Polyethylene glycol 6000         | 2                  |
| Polyethylene glycol              | 3                  |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane (P12)    | 24.9               |
| Trichloromonofluoromethane (P11) | 57.1               |

Example 6

| <u>Ingredients</u>            | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Alendronate sodium            | 1                  |
| PVP K-30                      | 6                  |
| PVP VA                        | 4                  |
| Vitamin E                     | 0.5                |
| Menthol                       | 0.05               |
| Dimethyl isosorbide           | 3.0                |
| Acetone                       | 10                 |
| Ethanol                       | 10                 |
| Tetrafluoroethane (P134)      | 25.45              |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane (P12) | 40                 |

To prepare a composition according to the present invention suitable for use in a pump dispenser the same general method of Example 1 can be used except that it is not necessary to charge the pump dispenser with liquefied propellant to provide a pressurised atmosphere. The mixture itself may contain propellant which is liquid at room temperature as part of the vehicle.

Examples of partly generalised formulas, which can be used with any suitable medicament to prepare compositions according to the present invention for use in a pump dispenser include:

Example 7

| <u>Ingredients</u>    | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Active ingredient     | up to 30%          |
| Plastoid B            | 5.6                |
| Eudragit E 100        | 0.6                |
| Propylene glycol      | 4.0                |
| Sodium lauryl sulfate | 3.0                |
| Acetone               | 20                 |
| Isopropyl alcohol     | q.s.               |
| Vitamin E             | 0.2                |
| Transcutol            | 2.0                |

Example 8

| <u>Ingredients</u> | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Active ingredient  | 0.5 - 10           |
| PVP VA             | 10                 |



15

|                                  |      |
|----------------------------------|------|
| Vitamin E                        | 0.5% |
| Propylene glycol                 | 3    |
| Acetone                          | 15   |
| Ethanol                          | 25   |
| Trichloromonofluoromethane (P11) | q.s. |

More specific examples of compositions for use in a pump dispenser include:

Example 9

| <u>Ingredients</u>  | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| Active ingredient   | 25                 |
| Povidone            | 6                  |
| Povidone VA-64      | 4                  |
| Vitamin-E           | 1.0                |
| Polyethylene glycol | 3                  |
| Ethanol             | 27                 |
| Acetone             | q.s.               |
| Methylene chloride  | 27                 |

Example 10

| <u>Ingredients</u>  | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| Active ingredient   | 15                 |
| PVP K 30            | 6                  |
| PVP VA              | 4                  |
| Vitamin E TPGS      | 0.5%               |
| Dimethyl isosorbide | 5                  |

|                                  |      |
|----------------------------------|------|
| Ethanol                          | 20   |
| Trichloromonofluoromethane (P11) | q.s. |

Example 11

| <u>Ingredients</u>       | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Estradiol                | 2                  |
| PVP K-30                 | 6                  |
| PVP VA                   | 4                  |
| Vitamin E                | 1                  |
| Polyethylene glycol 6000 | 2                  |
| Polyethylene glycol      | 3                  |
| Acetone                  | 27                 |
| Methylene Chloride       | 27                 |
| Ethanol                  | 28                 |

Example 12

| <u>Ingredients</u>       | <u>Percent w/w</u> |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Estradiol                | 1                  |
| PVP K-30                 | 6                  |
| PVP VA                   | 4                  |
| Vitamin E                | 1                  |
| Polyethylene glycol 6000 | 2                  |
| Polyethylene glycol      | 3                  |
| Acetone                  | 27                 |
| Methylene Chloride       | 28                 |
| Ethanol                  | 28                 |

With reference to the specific compounds of the above Examples, the following explanation is given. Eudragit E 100 is a self-adhesive, hydrophilic matrix system. It also acts as a solubilizer for the drug Estradiol.

Plastoid B is a film-former. When used together, Eudragit E 100 and Plastoid B give better peelability and water washability than when either is used alone.

Acetone is a volatile, quick-drying, non-occlusive vehicle which helps to dispense the contents of the spray over a large surface area.

Propylene glycol acts as a humectant to prevent the excessive drying of the application site after application of the medicament. It also acts as a plasticiser for the film formed after application. Propylene glycol additionally acts as a solubilizer for the drug and a permeation enhancer.

Propellant is necessary for developing proper pressure within the container and for expulsion of the composition when the valve is open. It is also responsible, together with the valve, for dispensing the product as a fine spray. The preferred propellants are very stable compounds and relatively non-toxic, inert and non-flammable.

Sodium lauryl sulfate acts as a solubilizer for the drug.

The compositions in the above Examples were discharged from the dispenser as a fine, soft dispersed spray which could be easily controlled to produce a stable thin film of even thickness on a target surface, for example a laboratory cover glass. The films have been observed to last for at least 24 hours. The concentrations of the film-formers in the composition can be varied as required to obtain a patch which can deliver the drug in a sustained manner for a period of up to 1 to 5 days. The film is easily removable from the application site by water in preparation for reapplication of the film or other treatment.

CLAIMS:

1. A topical, medicinal spray composition comprising one or more medicaments in a volatile vehicle, and one or more film-forming polymers in said vehicle, wherein the composition can be sprayed on a topical site to form a stable, breathable film on said site, from which film the medicaments are transdermally available.
2. A composition according to claim 1, which also contains a permeation enhancer.
3. A composition according to claim 2, which contains up to 30% by weight of said medicament(s), up to 8% by weight of said permeation enhancer and up to 90% by weight of said vehicle.
4. A composition according to claim 1, 2 or 3, which contains up to 15% by weight of said film-forming polymers.
5. A composition according to claim 1, comprising (w/w) from about 0.1% to 25% of one or more medicaments, from about 0.1% to 10% film-forming polymer and said vehicle q.s. 100%, and further comprising from about 0.1% to 10% solubilizer, from about 0.1% to 8% permeation enhancer from about 1% to 10% plasticiser.
6. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 5, wherein the amount of medicament is from 0.1% to 10%.
7. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 6, which further comprises from 1% to 7% (w/w) of one or more water-soluble additives.

8. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 7, wherein the medicament is anti-emetic, anti-anginal, anti-inflammatory, a steroid or a steroid hormone.
9. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein said medicament is released from the said film either immediately or over a period of time.
10. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the medicament is scopolamine, nitroglycerine, clonidine, isosorbide dinitrate, propranolol hydrochloride, timolol maleate, clonazepam, verapamil, diclofenac sodium, naproxen sodium, ibuprofen, ketoprofen, indomethacin, piroxicam, ketorolac, tromethamine, nimesulide, hydrocortisone or esters thereof, dexamethasone, fluocinolone acetonide, betamethasone, estradiol, norethisterone, testosterone, progesterone, salbutamol, bambuterol, salmeterol xinafoate, fluticasone propionate, mometasone furoate, budesonide, beclomethasone dipropionate, sodium cromoglycate, isoprenaline sulphate; alendronic acid, pamidromic acid, etidronic acid, vasopressin, oxybutynin, imipramine, mitrazapine, desipramine, naratriptan, zolmitriptan, sumatriptan, nicotine, loperamide, misoprostol, hyoscyamine, atropine, trihexyphenidyl, lorazepam, diazepam, tiagabine, fluoxetine, paroxetine, lisinopril,trandolapril, captopril, amlodipine, felodipine, prazosin, amiloride, methamphetamine, sibutramine hydrochloride, nafarelin, leuprolide acetate, insulin, growth hormone and analogues thereof, doxazosin, tamsulosin, terazosin, finasteride, alprostadil, sildenafil, bromocriptine, cabergoline, selegiline, melatonin, glimepiride, rosiglitazone, glyburide or glipizide; any of the chiral forms of the above medicaments; pharmaceutically acceptable salts of any of the above; or any two or more of the above, including their chiral forms, in combination.

11. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the film-forming polymer is any acrylic polymer or copolymer, preferably a non-ionic copolymer of methyl methacrylate and butyl methacrylate, a copolymer of dimethylamine ethyl methacrylate and a neutral methacrylic acid ester, ammonio methacrylate copolymer type B, ammonio methacrylate copolymer type A, methacrylic acid copolymer type A, methacrylic acid copolymer type B, or is polyvinyl acetate, cellulose acetate, polyvinyl alcohol, povidone, povidone vinyl acetate, copolyvidone, hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose, hydroxyethyl cellulose, methyl cellulose, or ethyl cellulose.

12. A composition according to claim 5 and any of claims 6 to 11, wherein the solubilizer is a copolymer of dimethylamine ethyl methacrylate and a neutral methacrylic acid ester; a surfactant, preferably a Tween, Span or sodium lauryl sulphate; a polyhydric alcohol, preferably propylene glycol or a polyethylene glycol; vitamin E, vitamin E TPGS (tocopheryl polyethylene 1000 succinate), or labrasol; propylene carbonate; or any two or more of the above in combination.

13. A composition according to claim 5 and any of claims 6 to 12, wherein the film-forming polymer is a non-ionic copolymer of methyl methacrylate and butyl methacrylate and the solubilizer is a copolymer of dimethylamine ethyl methacrylate and a neutral methacrylic acid ester.

14. A composition according to claim 5 and any of claims 6 to 13, wherein the plasticiser is triethyl citrate, dimethyl isosorbide, acetyltributyl citrate, castor oil, propylene glycol or polyethylene glycol or any two or more of the above in combination.

15. A composition according to claim 5 and any of claims 6 to 14,

wherein the permeation enhancer is a lipophilic solvent, lyophilic solvent, preferably dimethyl sulfoxide, dimethyl formamide or isopropyl myristate; a surfactant, preferably Tween 80, menthol, or sodium lauryl sulfate; a two component system, preferably oleic acid and octyl dimethyl paraamino benzoic acid (Padimate O); menthol; mixed esters of capric and caprylic acids; or a polyhydric alcohol, preferably propylene glycol or transcitol; or any mixture of two or more thereof.

16. A composition according to claim 15, wherein the lipophilic solvent is dimethyl sulfoxide, dimethyl formamide or isopropyl myristate; and/or the polyhydric alcohol is propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol or transcitol.

17. A composition according to claim 7 and any of claims 8 to 16, wherein the water-soluble additive is propylene glycol, sodium lauryl sulphate, one or more polaxomers, polyoxyl 35 castor oil, polyoxyl 40 hydrogenated castor oil, cetomacrogol, polyethylene glycol or diethylene glycol monoethyl ether EP (transcitol); or any two or more of the above in combination.

18. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the vehicle comprises water or a non-aqueous solvent, wherein said solvent is preferably acetone, isopropyl alcohol, methylene chloride, methyl-ethylketone, absolute alcohol, ethyl acetate, trichloromonofluoromethane (P11), or methylene dimethyl ether.

19. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the vehicle comprises from about 1% to about 20% (w/w) of one or more humectants, preferably polyhydric alcohol(s) or polyvinyl pyrrolidone.

20. A composition according to claim 19, wherein the or each humectant is a polyhydric alcohol, preferably propylene glycol, butylene glycol, a polyethylene glycol, glycerol or sorbitol; or is polyvinylpyrrolidone.
21. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the vehicle partly comprises a propellant in an amount to provide from 10 to 90% of the composition.
22. A composition according to claim 21, wherein the propellant is a hydrocarbon, preferably propane, butane, isobutane, or dimethylether; a hydrofluorocarbon or a hydrochlorofluorocarbon, preferably dichlorodifluoromethane (P12), trichloromonofluoromethane (P11), dichlorofluoroethane, monochlorodifluoromethane (P22), dichlorotetrafluoroethane (P114), difluoroethane (P152 A), tetrafluoroethane (P134 A) or heptafluoropropane (P227 B); or a compressed gas, preferably nitrogen or carbon dioxide.
23. A dispenser containing a composition according to any of claims 1 to 22, which dispenser dispenses the composition as a spray.
24. A dispenser according to claim 23, wherein the composition is dispensed as a metered dose.
25. A pump dispenser according to claim 23 or 24, when dependent on any of claims 1 to 17.
26. An aerosol dispenser according to claim 23 or 24, when dependent on claim 21 or 22.



27. An aerosol dispenser according to claim 26, wherein the propellant provides a pressure of from about 20 p.s.i.g. to about 130 p.s.i.g. inside the dispenser.
28. An aerosol dispenser according to claim 26 or 27, wherein the valve of the dispenser is an all position valve.
29. An aerosol dispenser according to any of claims 26 to 28, wherein the dispenser has a mechanical break-up actuator.
30. A method of preparing an aerosol dispenser according to any of claims 26 to 29, which method comprises mixing the ingredients of the composition without propellant, and then charging the resulting mixture together with propellant into an aerosol dispenser.
31. A method of preparing a pump dispenser according to claim 25, which method comprises mixing the ingredients of the composition with or without liquid propellant, and then placing the mixed ingredients in a pump dispenser.
32. The use of a composition according to any of claims 1 to 22, for the medical treatment of humans or animals.

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization  
International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF PATENT COOPERATION  
35, rue de la Harpe, CH-1015, Genève, Suisse  
Case postale 68, CH-1001, Lausanne, Suisse  
P.O. Box 8225, Geneva, Switzerland  
P.O. Box 18, New York, NY 10158, USA

(43) International Publication Date  
10 August 2000 (10.08.2000)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number  
WO 00/45795 A3

(51) International Patent Classification<sup>7</sup>: A61K 9/70, 9/12

(21) International Application Number: PCT/GB00/00366

(22) International Filing Date: 7 February 2000 (07.02.2000)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:

|                |                              |    |
|----------------|------------------------------|----|
| 92/BOM/99      | 5 February 1999 (05.02.1999) | IN |
| 93/BOM/99      | 5 February 1999 (05.02.1999) | IN |
| 382/BOM/99     | 20 May 1999 (20.05.1999)     | IN |
| 582/BOM/99     | 17 August 1999 (17.08.1999)  | IN |
| PCT/GB99/02998 |                              |    |

|             |                               |    |
|-------------|-------------------------------|----|
|             | 9 September 1999 (09.09.1999) | GB |
| 43/BOM/2000 | 13 January 2000 (13.01.2000)  | IN |
| 44/BOM/2000 | 13 January 2000 (13.01.2000)  | IN |

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): CIPLA LIMITED [IN/IN]; 289 Bellasis Road, Mumbai Central, Mumbai 400 008 (IN).

(71) Applicant (for MW only): WAIN, Christopher, Paul [GB/GB]; A.A. Thornton & Co., 235 High Holborn, London WC1V 7LE (GB).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): LULLA, Amar [IN/IN]; 103 Maker Towers 'L', 10th floor, Cuffe Parade, Colaba, Mumbai 400 005 (IN). MALHOTRA, Geena

[IN/IN]; 4 Anderson House, 1st floor, Opp. Mazgaon Dock P.O., Mazgaon, Mumbai 400 010 (IN). RAUT, Preeti [IN/IN]; B-7 Anant Apartments, Tejpal Scheme Road 5, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai 400 057 (IN).

(74) Agents: WAIN, Christopher, Paul et al.; A.A. Thornton & Co., 235 High Holborn, London WC1V 7LE (GB).

(81) Designated States (national): AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— with international search report

(88) Date of publication of the international search report:  
9 August 2001

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

WO 00/45795 A3

(54) Title: TOPICAL SPRAYS COMPRISING A FILM FORMING COMPOSITION

(57) Abstract: A topical, medicinal spray composition comprises one or more medicaments in a volatile vehicle, and one or more film-forming polymers. When sprayed on a topical site, the composition forms a stable, breathable film from which the medicaments are transdermally available. Preferably the composition comprises from about 0.1 % to 30% of one or more medicaments, from about 0.1 % to 15 % film-forming polymer, from about 0.1 % to 10 % solubilizer, from about 0.1 % to 8 % permeation enhancer, from about 1.0 % to 10 % plasticiser, and a vehicle q.s. 100 %. The invention includes a spray dispenser containing the topical composition.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/GB 00/00366

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER**  
IPC 7 A61K9/70 A61K9/12

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

**B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ

**C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages                                        | Relevant to claim No.              |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| X          | WO 88 09185 A (BURGHART KURT ;BURGHART<br>WALTER (AT)) 1 December 1988 (1988-12-01)<br><br>page 10 -page 13<br>---        | 1-6,<br>8-12,<br>18-26,<br>30-32   |
| X          | EP 0 756 870 A (BAYER ITALIA SPA)<br>5 February 1997 (1997-02-05)<br><br>page 3, line 6 - line 7<br>claim 1<br>---<br>-/- | 1-12,<br>14-20,<br>23-26,<br>30-32 |

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

\* Special categories of cited documents :

- \*A\* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- \*E\* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- \*L\* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- \*O\* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- \*P\* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- \*T\* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- \*X\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- \*Y\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- \*8\* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

11 August 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

18/08/2000

Name and mailing address of the ISA  
European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2  
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk  
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,  
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Boulois, D

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/GB 00/00366

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages                                                                                                                   | Relevant to claim No.                           |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| X          | US 4 826 677 A (MUELLER JOSEF ET AL)<br>2 May 1989 (1989-05-02)<br><br>column 3, line 28 - line 32<br>column 5; example 5                                                                            | 1-12,<br>14-16,<br>19,20,<br>23,30-32           |
| X          | WO 96 30000 A (SANOFI SA ; SAUNAL HENRY<br>(FR); ILLEL BRIGITTE (FR))<br>3 October 1996 (1996-10-03)<br><br>page 4, line 17 -page 5, line 21<br>page 7, line 14 - line 30<br>page 31; examples 36,37 | 1-4,6,<br>8-11,15,<br>18,23,<br>25,26,<br>30-32 |
| X          | EP 0 679 390 A (ZYMA SA)<br>2 November 1995 (1995-11-02)<br><br>page 3; example 1                                                                                                                    | 1-12,<br>14-26,<br>30-32                        |
| X          | EP 0 521 455 A (TAKEDA CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES<br>LTD ; OSAKA AEROSOL IND CORP (JP))<br>7 January 1993 (1993-01-07)<br><br>page 4, line 20 - line 42<br>page 6; example 5                                | 1-10,12,<br>14,15,<br>18,<br>21-26,<br>30-32    |
| X          | EP 0 055 397 A (BAYER AG)<br>7 July 1982 (1982-07-07)<br><br>page 10 -page 14                                                                                                                        | 1-4,<br>6-12,15,<br>16,<br>18-26,<br>30-32      |
| X          | EP 0 055 396 A (BAYER AG)<br>7 July 1982 (1982-07-07)<br><br>page 10 -page 12                                                                                                                        | 1-4,6,<br>8-12,<br>14-26,<br>30-32              |
| A          | EP 0 617 972 A (ROEHM GMBH)<br>5 October 1994 (1994-10-05)<br>page 5 -page 6; examples 6,7                                                                                                           | 13                                              |

## FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 1-9, 10-12, 14-22,

The initial phase of the search revealed a very large number of documents relevant to the issue of novelty. The composition as claimed in claims 1-9 comprises indeed compounds like "medicaments", "film-forming polymers" and "volatile vehicle" in claim 1, "solubilizer", "permeation enhancer", or "plasticizer" in the dependent claims, which are only defined by their function, which encompass a great number of compounds, and which function and combination is already well known in the particular technical field of the present application. Moreover, some components like propylene glycol are claimed in the present application as "solubilizer" ( claim 12 ), as "plasticizer" ( claim 14 ), as "lipophilic solvent" ( claim 16 ), as "water-soluble additive" ( claim 17 ), as well as "humectants" ( claims 19 and 20). Finally, the potential number of combinations of the different compounds claimed in claims 10-12, 14-22 is so high that a complete search all the possible combinations and a complete citations of all relevant prior art documents was not possible. Only a selection of prior art documents could be made. So many documents were retrieved that it is impossible to determine which parts of the claim(s) may be said to define subject-matter for which protection might legitimately be sought (Article 6 PCT). For these reasons, a meaningful search over the whole breadth of the claim(s) is impossible.

Moreover, the combinations possibilities offered by the claims's drafting is so huge that a complete search on the different combination possibilities was not possible. Consequently, the search has been restricted to the spray film forming composition of the present application comprising compounds defined by the concepts of "medicaments", "film-forming polymers", "volatile vehicle", "solubilizer", "permeation enhancer", or "plasticizer", and to all the particular compounds disclosed in the examples of the present application on pages 11-17.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/GB 00/00366

| Patent document<br>cited in search report |   | Publication<br>date | Patent family<br>member(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Publication<br>date                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------------------|---|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| WO 8809185                                | A | 01-12-1988          | AT 72129 T<br>AU 625150 B<br>AU 1787488 A<br>DE 3868248 A<br>DK 39189 A<br>EP 0319555 A<br>JP 1503281 T                                                                                                                                  | 15-02-1992<br>02-07-1992<br>21-12-1988<br>12-03-1992<br>27-01-1989<br>14-06-1989<br>09-11-1989                                                                                                                 |
| EP 0756870                                | A | 05-02-1997          | IT MI951720 A                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 03-02-1997                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| US 4826677                                | A | 02-05-1989          | DE 3612305 A<br>CH 672598 A<br>FR 2596991 A<br>GB 2188844 A, B<br>JP 62242614 A<br>NL 8700814 A                                                                                                                                          | 22-10-1987<br>15-12-1989<br>16-10-1987<br>14-10-1987<br>23-10-1987<br>02-11-1987                                                                                                                               |
| WO 9630000                                | A | 03-10-1996          | FR 2732223 A<br>AU 704150 B<br>AU 5402296 A<br>BR 9607862 A<br>CA 2214845 A<br>CN 1182365 A<br>CZ 9703081 A<br>EP 0817621 A<br>HU 9904174 A<br>IL 117728 A<br>JP 11502828 T<br>NO 974507 A<br>PL 322502 A<br>SK 130697 A<br>US 6010716 A | 04-10-1996<br>15-04-1999<br>16-10-1996<br>30-06-1998<br>03-10-1996<br>20-05-1998<br>15-04-1998<br>14-01-1998<br>28-04-2000<br>17-08-1999<br>09-03-1999<br>29-09-1997<br>02-02-1998<br>03-06-1998<br>04-01-2000 |
| EP 0679390                                | A | 02-11-1995          | CA 2148034 A<br>GB 2288734 A                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 30-10-1995<br>01-11-1995                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| EP 0521455                                | A | 07-01-1993          | CA 2072812 A<br>JP 5294824 A                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 03-01-1993<br>09-11-1993                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| EP 0055397                                | A | 07-07-1982          | DE 3045914 A<br>AT 9060 T<br>AU 546449 B<br>AU 7826181 A<br>CA 1175355 A<br>DE 3165710 D<br>DK 538281 A<br>FI 813885 A<br>IL 64436 A<br>JP 57122015 A<br>NO 813932 A<br>ZA 8108431 A                                                     | 22-07-1982<br>15-09-1984<br>05-09-1985<br>10-06-1982<br>02-10-1984<br>27-09-1984<br>06-06-1982<br>06-06-1982<br>31-03-1985<br>29-07-1982<br>07-06-1982<br>24-11-1982                                           |
| EP 0055396                                | A | 07-07-1982          | DE 3045915 A<br>AT 11369 T<br>AU 546450 B<br>AU 7826281 A<br>CA 1175354 A<br>DE 3168543 D                                                                                                                                                | 08-07-1982<br>15-02-1985<br>05-09-1985<br>10-06-1982<br>02-10-1984<br>07-03-1985                                                                                                                               |

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/GB 00/00366

| Patent document<br>cited in search report | Publication<br>date | Patent family<br>member(s) | Publication<br>date |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| EP 0055396 A                              |                     | DK 538381 A                | 06-06-1982          |
|                                           |                     | FI 813884 A                | 06-06-1982          |
|                                           |                     | IL 64435 A                 | 31-03-1985          |
|                                           |                     | JP 57122016 A              | 29-07-1982          |
|                                           |                     | NO 813931 A                | 07-06-1982          |
|                                           |                     | PH 17277 A                 | 06-07-1984          |
|                                           |                     | ZA 8108432 A               | 24-11-1982          |
| EP 0617972 A                              | 05-10-1994          | DE 4310012 A               | 29-09-1994          |
|                                           |                     | HU 69378 A                 | 28-09-1995          |
|                                           |                     | JP 6305953 A               | 01-11-1994          |
|                                           |                     | US 5730999 A               | 24-03-1998          |